Participation Assignment CHEM 1100-General Chemistry II

Name: #7

Section: 31, TR Due Date: Thursday 2/6/2020

Half-Life:

First Order Second Order

$$\ln[A]_{t} = -kt + \ln[A]_{0}$$

$$\frac{1}{[A]_{t}} = kt + \frac{1}{[A]_{0}}$$

1. In a dilute sodium hydroxide solution, the decomposition of hydrogen peroxide is a first order process:

$$2H_2O_2(aq) \rightarrow 2H_2O(l) + O_2(g)$$

At 20 °C, the rate constant for this process is 1.8×10^{-5} 1/s. If the concentration of hydrogen peroxide is initially 0.300 M, how many hours will it take until the concentration drops to 0.150 M?

Rate constant: McMurry, J., Fay, R., Chemistry, 5th ed., Pearson Education, 2008, p452.

2. The decomposition of hydrogen iodide is a second order reaction:

$$2HI(g) \rightarrow H_2(g) + I_2(g)$$

The rate constant for this process is $5.13 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{M}^{-1} \,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$ at $410 \,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$. If the initial concentration of hydrogen iodide is $0.400 \,\mathrm{M}$, how many hours will it take until the concentration is $0.200 \,\mathrm{M}$?

Rate constant: McMurry, J., Fay, R., Chemistry, 5th ed., Pearson Education, 2008, p460 (units for the rate constant modified).

Arrhenius equation: $k = Ae^{-Ea/RT}$

$$ln(k) = ln(A) + ln(e^{-Ea/RT})$$

3. Determine the activation energy, in kJ/mol, for the thermal degradation of ascorbic acid in rose hips:

Temp(°C)	1/T (1/K)	k (1/min)	ln(k)
70	0.002914	0.00762	-4.877
80	0.002832	0.00875	-4.739
90	0.002754	0.01198	-4.425
95	0.002716	0.01313	-4.333

Karhan, M., Aksu, M., Tetik, N., Turhan, I., "Kinetic Modeling of Anaerobic Thermal Degradation of Ascorbic Acid in Rose Hip (Rosa Canina L) Pulp", Journal of Food Quality, 2004, 27, p311.

